CLAIMS

- 1. In an immobilization weapon of the type which employs expanding gas to propel a pair of wire-tethered contact darts toward a remote target and applies a high voltage between the contact darts to temporarily disable the target; a method of reducing inadvertent high voltage arcing that would otherwise limit the efficacy of the weapon; the method comprising the steps of:
- a) placing a first end of a first pyrotechnic device adjacent a first wiretethered dart;
- b) placing a first end of a second pyrotechnic device adjacent a second wire-tethered dart;

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- c) electrically interconnecting respective second ends of said first and second pyrotechnic devices; and
- d) directly connecting said first and second wire-tethered darts through their respective wire tether to a switchable high voltage source.
- 2. In an immobilization weapon of the type which employs expanding gas to propel a pair of wire-tethered contact darts toward a remote target and applies a high voltage between the contact darts to temporarily disable the target; a method of reducing inadvertent high voltage arcing that would otherwise limit the efficacy of the weapon; the method comprising the steps of:
- a) placing a first end of a first pyrotechnic device adjacent a first wiretethered dart;
- b) placing a first end of a second pyrotechnic device adjacent a second wire-tethered dart;
- c) directly connecting said first and second wire-tethered darts through their respective wire tethers to a switchable high voltage source having opposite polarity outputs;

d) electrically connecting a second end of said first pyrotechnic device to the polarity output of said high voltage source to which said second wire-tethered dart is connected; and

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- e) electrically connecting a second end of said second pyrotechnic device to the polarity output of said high voltage source to which said first wire-tethered dart is connected.
- 3. In an immobilization weapon of the type which employs expanding gas to propel a pair of wire-tethered contact darts toward a remote target and applies a high voltage between the contact darts to temporarily disable the target; a method of reducing inadvertent high voltage arcing that would otherwise limit the efficacy of the weapon; the method comprising the steps of:
 - a) connecting pyrotechnic devices in series with each other; and
 - b) connecting said pyrotechnic devices in parallel with said darts.
- 4. In an immobilization weapon of the type which employs expanding gas to propel a pair of wire-tethered contact darts toward a remote target and applies a high voltage between the contact darts to temporarily disable the target; a method of reducing inadvertent high voltage arcing that would otherwise limit the efficacy of the weapon; the method comprising the steps of:
 - a) connecting pyrotechnic devices in parallel with each other; and
 - b) connecting said pyrotechnic devices in parallel with said darts.

5. A cartridge for attachment to a stun gun, the cartridge having a pair of wire-tethered contact darts adjacent respective electrically activated pyrotechnics for propelling the darts toward a remote target for disabling the target; the cartridge comprising:

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a pair of elongated bores;

one of said contact darts positioned in each of said bores;

one of said pyrotechnics positioned adjacent each of said darts;

said pyrotechnics being connected in series with each other and in

parallel with said darts.

6. A cartridge for attachment to a stun gun, the cartridge having a pair of wire-tethered contact darts adjacent respective electrically activated pyrotechnics for propelling the darts toward a remote target for disabling the target; the cartridge comprising:

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a pair of elongated bores;

one of said contact darts positioned in each of said bores;

one of said pyrotechnics positioned adjacent each of said darts;

said pyrotechnics being connected in parallel with one another and in parallel with said darts.